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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 23, 2003, 08:23:26 ; Search time 90.974 Seconds
(without alignments)
269.507 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-077-137-1

Perfect score: 964
Sequence: 1 MLQAGQCSQNEYFDSLHA.....CKSLPALSATIEKISAR 184

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 908470 seqs, 133250620 residues

total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 908470

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Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
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Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

A_GeneSeq_101002.*

1:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1980.DAT.*
2:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1981.DAT.*
3:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1982.DAT.*
4:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1983.DAT.*
5:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1984.DAT.*
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7:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1986.DAT.*
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10:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1989.DAT.*
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12:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1991.DAT.*
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20:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA1999.DAT.*
21:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA2000.DAT.*
22:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA2001.DAT.*
23:	/SIDS2/gcgdata/genseq/genseqp-emb1/AA2002.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	964	100.0	184	21	AAE08843	Amino acid sequenc
2	964	100.0	184	21	AAV94001	A human BCMA prote
3	964	100.0	184	22	AAE09241	Human BCMA protein
4	964	100.0	184	22	AAE09241	Human BCMA protein
5	964	100.0	184	22	AAE08056	Human B cell matur
6	964	100.0	184	22	AAE08056	Human B cell matur
7	964	100.0	184	22	AAV71979	Human BAF receptor
8	950	98.5	181	23	ABE81487	Human BCMA recepto
9	719.5	74.6	157	22	AAE15484	Human B-cell matur
10	572	59.3	185	21	AAE06700	Human BAF receptor
						Amino acid sequenc

11	572	59.3	185	22	AAAT71980	Mouse B cell matur
12	572	59.3	185	23	AAAT51590	Mouse B cell matur
13	323	33.5	58	23	AAAT5501	Human B cell matur
14	311.5	32.3	117	23	AAAT55491	Human-murine B cell
15	286.5	29.7	302	22	AAAT00507	Human B cell matur
16	286.5	29.7	302	22	AAAT06999	Mouse IgG signal/H
17	286	29.7	283	23	AAAT54488	Human B cell matur
18	284	29.5	31	23	AAAT54485	Human B-cell matur
19	201	20.9	34	23	AAAT54466	Human B-cell matur
20	187	19.4	281	23	AAAT54489	Mouse B cell matur
21	116.5	12.1	175	23	AAAT22244	Mouse B cell matur
22	116.5	12.1	175	23	AAAT22244	Mouse B cell matur
23	106.5	11.0	185	23	AAAT22266	Human B cell matur
24	105.5	10.9	185	23	AAAT22267	Human B cell matur
25	104	10.8	21	23	AAAT54487	Human B cell matur
26	103.5	10.7	185	23	AAAT22269	Human B cell matur
27	100.5	10.4	185	23	AAAT22271	Human B cell matur
28	99.5	10.3	185	23	AAAT22268	Human B cell matur
29	97.5	10.1	185	23	AAAT22270	Human B cell matur
30	94.5	9.6	185	23	AAAT22242	Human B cell matur
31	93	9.6	184	23	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
32	93	9.6	266	23	AAAT22243	Human B cell matur
33	90.5	9.4	24	23	AAAT54482	Human B cell matur
34	83.5	8.7	404	23	AAAT54486	Human B cell matur
35	82	8.5	1009	19	AAAT54489	Human B cell matur
36	82	8.5	1009	19	AAAT54489	Human B cell matur
37	82	8.5	1009	19	AAAT54489	Human B cell matur
38	81	8.4	576	20	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
39	79.5	8.2	293	23	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
40	79.5	8.2	1009	17	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
41	79.5	8.2	1009	19	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
42	79.5	8.2	1009	19	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
43	79	8.2	857	13	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
44	78.5	8.1	265	23	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur
45	78.5	8.1	293	19	AAAT54483	Human B cell matur

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1
AAB08843	
ID	AAB08843 standard; peptide; 184 AA.
XX	
AC	AAB08843;
XX	
DT	02-JAN-2001 (first entry)
XX	
DE	Amino acid sequence of human.
XX	
KW	BCL6A; necrosis factor-kB activator; NF-kB; gene expression; cancer; anti-cell death gene; apoptosis; viral infection; inflammatory response rheumatoid arthritis; inflammatory bowel disease; septic shock.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	
FH	Key
FT	Domain
FT	Location/Qualifiers 57..77
XX	/note= "putative transmembrane domain"
FN	WO200050633-A1.
XX	
PD	31-AUG-2000.
XX	
FP	24-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US04925.
XX	
FR	24-FEB-1999; 99US-0121485.
XX	
PA	(GEHO) GEN HOSPITAL CORP.
XX	
FI	Seed B, Ting A,
XX	
DR	WPI; 2000-558405/51.

DE Human BCMA protein.
 XX
 XX Human; TNF; tumour necrosis factor; TALL-1; APRIL; TNF receptor;
 KW TNF; TACI; BCMA; therapy; cancer; leukaemia; myeloma; lymphoma;
 KW autoimmune disease; rheumatoid arthritis; multiple sclerosis;
 KW psoriasis.
 XX
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX MO200160397-A1.
 XX
 XX 23-AUG-2001.
 XX
 XX 28-NOV-2000; 2000MO-US32378.
 XX
 XX 16-FEB-2000; 2000US-0182938.
 XX
 XX 22-AUG-2000; 2000US-0225686.
 XX
 XX (GETH) GENENTECH INC.
 XX
 XX Ashkenazi AJ, Dodge KH, Grewal I, Kim KJ, Marsters SA, Pitti RM,
 XX Yan M;
 XX WPI; 2001-541628/60.
 XX
 XX N-PSDB; AAD15902.
 XX
 XX Inhibiting or neutralizing TALL-1 or APRIL polypeptide biological
 PT activity, for treating autoimmune disorders and cancer, comprises
 PT exposing the cells to TALL-1 or APRIL polypeptide agonists or
 PT antagonists -
 XX
 XX Example 2; Fig 2; 160pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to methods of using one or more agonists or
 CC antagonists to modulate the activity of the members of TNF (tumour
 CC necrosis factor) especially TALL-1, APRIL and TNF receptor (TNFR)
 CC e.g. TNFRI or BCMA. The method is useful for treating pathological
 CC conditions or diseases associated with increased TALL-1 and APRIL
 CC expression or activity. TALL-1 and APRIL antagonists are used to
 CC block the interaction between APRIL and TALL-1 with TNFRI or BCMA.
 CC They are useful for treating a mammal suffering from cancer such
 CC as leukaemia, lymphoma, myeloma, cancers of lung and colon and
 CC autoimmune diseases e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis,
 CC psoriasis and lupus erythematosus. The present sequence is human
 CC BCMA protein.
 XX
 XX Sequence 184 AA;
 SO
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 964; DB 22; Length 184;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e-95;
 XX Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 MLQWAGGCSQNEYPFSLHACIPCOLRCSNTPPLTCORYCNASTNSVKGNTALIMTCL 60
 DB 1 MLQWAGGCSQNEYPFSLHACIPCOLRCSNTPPLTCORYCNASTNSVKGNTALIMTCL 60
 QY 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLKRISSBPKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
 DB 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLKRISSBPKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
 QY 121 YVEECTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEBAGATILVTKNDYCKSLPALSAIEIKS 180
 DB 121 YVEECTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEBAGATILVTKNDYCKSLPALSAIEIKS 180
 QY 181 ISAR 184
 DB 181 ISAR 184
 XX
 XX RESULT 4
 XX AAE00506
 XX ID AAE00506 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
 XX

AC AAE00506;
 XX
 XX 31-JUL-2001 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Human B cell maturation protein (BCMA).
 DE
 XX
 XX Human; A Proliferation Inducing Ligand Receptor; APRIL-R; cytostatic;
 KW gene therapy; cancer; nephrotropic; renal disorder; autoimmune disease;
 KW carcinoma; lung; colon; breast; prostate; Grave's disease; hypertension;
 KW systemic lupus erythematosus; SLE; inflammation; cardiovascular disease;
 KW B-cell lympho-proliferative disorder; BCM; immunosuppressive disease;
 KW organ transplantation; HIV; human immunodeficiency virus; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; BCMA; B cell maturation protein.
 XX
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX MO200124811-A1.
 XX
 XX 12-APR-2001.
 XX
 XX 05-OCT-2000; 2000MO-US27579;
 XX
 XX 06-OCT-1999; 99US-0157933;
 XX
 XX 11-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181807;
 XX
 XX 30-JUN-2000; 2000US-0215688;
 XX
 XX (BIO) BIOGEN INC.
 XX (APOT-) APOTEC R & D SA.
 XX
 XX Schneider P, Thompson J, Cachero T, Ambrose C, Rennert P;
 XX WPI; 2001-266242/27.
 XX
 XX N-PSDB; AAD03844.
 XX
 XX Treating a mammal for a condition associated with undesired cell
 PT proliferation such as cancer or carcinoma, comprises administering a
 PT composition comprising A Proliferation Inducing Ligand Receptor
 PT (APRIL-R) antagonist -
 XX
 XX Claim 3; Fig 3A; 85pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention relates to a method of treating a mammal for a condition
 CC associated with undesired cell proliferation such as cancer or
 CC carcinoma. The method involves administering a composition comprising
 CC A Proliferation Inducing Ligand Receptor (APRIL-R) also referred as
 CC B cell maturation protein (BCM or BCMA) antagonist that antagonises the
 CC interaction between APRIL and its cognate receptor(s). This method is
 CC useful for treating undesired cell proliferation such as cancer or
 CC carcinoma e.g. human lung carcinoma, colon carcinoma, breast carcinoma,
 CC prostate carcinoma, and other carcinomas whose proliferation is modulated
 CC by APRIL. It is also useful for treating autoimmune diseases (Grave's
 CC disease, systemic lupus erythematosus-SLE; hypertension, cardiovascular
 CC diseases, renal disorders, B-cell lympho-proliferative disorders,
 CC immunosuppressive diseases, organ transplantation, inflammation and
 CC human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and for treating, suppressing or
 CC altering an immune response involving a signalling pathway between
 CC APRIL-R and its ligand. APRIL-R DNA is also useful in gene therapy.
 CC The present sequence is human APRIL-R also referred as BCMA or
 CC BCM protein.
 XX
 XX Sequence 184 AA;
 SO
 XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 964; DB 22; Length 184;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e-95;
 XX Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 MLQWAGGCSQNEYPFSLHACIPCOLRCSNTPPLTCORYCNASTNSVKGNTALIMTCL 60
 DB 1 MLQWAGGCSQNEYPFSLHACIPCOLRCSNTPPLTCORYCNASTNSVKGNTALIMTCL 60
 QY 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLKRISSBPKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
 DB 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLKRISSBPKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120

QY 121 YTVVECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSHCPFLPAMEBAGTILVTTKTNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 DB 121 YTVVECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSHCPFLPAMEBAGTILVTTKTNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 QY 181 ISAR 184
 DB 181 ISAR 184
 Db 181 ISAR 184
 RESULT 5
 AAB60698
 ID AAB60698 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
 XX
 AC AAB60698;
 XX
 DT 22-MAY-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human BAFF receptor (BAFF-R).
 Human BAFF-R; BAFF receptor; TNF family; immunoregulatory agent;
 immune-related disorder; B-cell growth inhibitor; BCMA;
 B-cell maturation inhibitor; immunoglobulin production inhibitor;
 autoimmune disorder; B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder; hypertension;
 renal disorder; immunosuppressive disorder; HIV infection;
 organ transplantation; antiinflammatory; systemic lupus erythematosus;
 autoimmune haemolytic anaemia; Grave's disease; multiple myeloma;
 B-cell carcinoma; leukaemia; rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis;
 lymphoma; gene therapy; cancer; tumour.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN MO200112812-A2.
 PD 22-FEB-2001.
 XX
 PF 16-AUG-2000; 2000MO-US22507.
 XX
 PR 17-AUG-1999; 99US-0149378.
 PR 11-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181584.
 PR 18-FEB-2000; 2000US-0183536.
 XX
 PA (BIOJ) BIOGEN INC.
 PA (APOT-) APOTEC R & D SA.
 XX
 PI Mackay F, Browning J, Ambrose C, Techopp J, Schneider P,
 PI Thompson J;
 WPI; 2001-202866/20.
 N-PSDB; AAF59998.
 XX
 PT Inhibiting dendritic cell-induced B-cell growth, maturation and B-cell
 PT lympho-proliferative disorder by administering BAFF-receptor
 PT polypeptide, chimeric molecule comprising receptor or anti-BAFF-R
 PT antibody homolog
 XX
 PS Claim 20; Fig 1; 59pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to the use of a BAFF receptor (BAFF-R, also known
 CC as BCMA) protein, or a BAFF-R fusion protein as an agent for the
 CC treatment of a variety of immune-related disorders. BAFF-R is a member of
 CC the TNF (tumour necrosis factor) family, acting as an immunoregulatory
 CC agent, and also plays a role in the development of hypertension and
 CC related disorders. BAFF-R, fusion proteins containing it, and BAFF-R-
 CC specific antibodies can be used for inhibiting B-cell growth, dendritic
 CC cell-induced B-cell growth and maturation, and immunoglobulin production,
 CC and in the treatment of autoimmune disorders, B-cell lymphoproliferative
 CC disorders, hypertension and renal disorders. The BAFF-R proteins may also
 CC be used in the treatment of immunosuppressive disorders and HIV
 CC infection, and in patients undergoing organ transplantation. The BAFF-R
 CC proteins or BAFF-R specific antibodies may be used for treating,
 CC suppressing or altering an immune response involving a signalling pathway
 CC between BAFF-R and BAFF, thereby inhibiting inflammation. Since BAFF-R

CC inhibits B-cell growth and maturation it is useful for treating diseases
 CC such as systemic lupus erythematosus, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia,
 CC Grave's disease, multiple myeloma, B-cell carcinomas, leukaemia, rapidly
 CC progressive glomerulonephritis, and lymphomas. Nucleic acids encoding
 CC human BAFF-R may be used in gene therapy to treat tumours, lymphomas,
 CC autoimmune disorders and inherited B-cell-associated disorders. The
 CC present sequence represents human BAFF-R.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 184 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 964; DB 22; Length 184;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1,3e-95;
 Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatch 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 MLOMAGGCSQNSYFDSLHACIPCOLRCSSTPPLTCORYNASVTNSVKGNTALMTCTL 60
 DB 1 MLOMAGGCSQNSYFDSLHACIPCOLRCSSTPPLTCORYNASVTNSVKGNTALMTCTL 60
 QY 61 GSLIISLAVFVLMFLRKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSGLLGMANIDLEKSRGTGEIILPRGLE 120
 DB 61 GSLIISLAVFVLMFLRKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSGLLGMANIDLEKSRGTGEIILPRGLE 120
 QY 121 YTVVECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSHCPFLPAMEBAGTILVTTKTNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 DB 121 YTVVECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSHCPFLPAMEBAGTILVTTKTNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 QY 181 ISAR 184
 DB 181 ISAR 184
 Db 181 ISAR 184
 RESULT 6
 AAY71979
 ID AAY71979 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
 XX
 AC AAY71979;
 XX
 DT 28-MAR-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human B cell maturation factor (BCMA) protein.
 Human; Tumour Necrosis Factor; TNF; immunosuppressant; TALL-1;
 Tumour necrosis factor and Apol-related leucocyte expressed ligand 1;
 therapy; autoimmune disorder; rheumatoid arthritis; multiple sclerosis;
 systemic lupus erythematosus; SLE; insulin dependent diabetes mellitus;
 thrombocytopenia, purpura; acute rheumatic fever; Goodpasture's syndrome;
 haemolytic anaemia; Grave's disease; myasthenia gravis; chromosome 16;
 post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis; polyarteritis nodosa; BCMA;
 B cell maturation factor; pemphigus vulgaris; B-lymphocyte proliferation.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH Domain 1..62
 FT /label= Extracellular_domain
 XX
 PN MO200068378-A1.
 PD 16-NOV-2000.
 XX
 PF 05-MAY-2000; 2000MO-US12266.
 XX
 PR 06-MAY-1999; 99US-0132892.
 PR 01-MAY-2000; 2000US-0201012.
 XX
 PA (NAJE-) NAT JEWISH MEDICAL & RES CENT.
 XX
 PI Shu HS;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-016094/02.
 DR N-PSDB; AAD02125.
 XX
 PT Isolated TALL-1 protein is used to identify compounds that regulate B

PT lymphocyte proliferation, used to treat B lymphocyte associated
 PT autoimmune disorders -
 XX
 XX
 PS
 XX Claim 37; Page 104-105; 112pp; English.

CC The present invention relates to tumour necrosis factor (TNF) and
 CC Apol-related leucocyte expressed ligand 1 (TALL-1) nucleic acid
 CC molecules, proteins (including homologues), and their antibodies. The
 CC invention in particular relates to methods for regulating the
 CC interaction between TALL-1 and TALL-1 receptors (BCMA referred as B cell
 CC maturation factor) to regulate monocyte, macrophage and B lymphocyte
 CC mediated immune responses. TALL-1 protein is useful for identifying
 CC compounds that regulate B lymphocyte proliferation. It is also useful for
 CC treating B lymphocyte associated autoimmune disorders like rheumatoid
 CC arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), insulin dependent diabetes
 CC mellitus, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, Grave's disease,
 CC autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura,
 CC Goodpasture's syndrome, pemphigus vulgaris, acute rheumatic fever,
 CC post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis, or polyarteritis nodosa.
 CC The TALL-1 protein and its corresponding nucleic acid sequence are also
 CC useful in diagnostic assays.

CC The present sequence is a human B cell maturation factor (BCMA)
 CC protein. It is the receptor for TALL-1 protein. BCMA gene is
 CC located on chromosome 16. In human tissues, BCMA is expressed by
 CC spleen and lymph nodes but not by brain, muscle, heart, lung, kidney,
 CC pancreas, testis and placenta. BCMA mRNA is absent in the pro-B
 CC lymphocyte stage but its expression increases with B lymphocyte
 CC maturation.

XX Sequence 184 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 964; DB 22; Length 184;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e-95;
 Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 MLOMAGGCSQNEFYPSLHACIPQOLRCSSNTPPTLCQRYCNASVTNSYKGNALIMTCL 60
 DB 1 MLOMAGGCSQNEFYPSLHACIPQOLRCSSNTPPTLCQRYCNASVTNSYKGNALIMTCL 60
 QY 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLRKISEPELKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
 DB 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLRKISEPELKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
 QY 121 YVSECTCEDCCKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 DB 121 YVSECTCEDCCKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 181 ISAR 184
 181 ISAR 184
 181 ISAR 184

RESULT 7
 ABB81487
 ID ABB81487 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
 AC ABB81487;
 XX
 DT 02-SEP-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Human BCMA receptor related protein SEQ ID NO:7.

XX Human; Ztnfr12; tumour necrosis factor receptor; cytostatic;
 XX immunosuppressive; dermatological; antiinflammatory; antidiabetic;
 XX neuroprotective; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antiasthmatic;
 XX nephroprotective; hypotensive; gene therapy; B lymphocyte; tumour;
 XX autoimmune disorder; systemic lupus erythematosus; myasthenia gravis;
 XX multiple sclerosis; insulin dependent diabetes mellitus; asthma;
 XX rheumatoid arthritis; bronchitis; emphysema; renal disease; lymphoma;
 XX glomerulonephritis; vasculitis; chronic lymphoid leukaemia; nephritis;
 XX pyelonephritis; renal vasculitis; multiple myeloma; amyloidosis;
 XX light chain neuropathy; hypertension; large vessel disease;
 XX graft-versus host disease; graft rejection; Crohn's disease.

XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX
 XX
 PN WO200238766-A2.
 XX
 XX
 PD 16-MAY-2002.
 XX
 XX
 PF 05-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US47018.
 XX
 XX
 PR 07-NOV-2000; 2000US-246449P.
 XX
 PR 20-DEC-2000; 2000US-257131P.
 XX
 PR 28-UN-2001; 2001US-301715P.
 XX
 PR 29-AUG-2001; 2001US-315565P.
 XX
 PA (ZYMO) ZYMOGENETICS INC.
 XX
 PI Gross JA, Xu W, Henne RM, Grant RJ;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-508212/54.
 XX

PT Novel isolated human tumour necrosis factor receptor polypeptide, termed
 PT ztnfr 12, useful for treating autoimmune disorders, emphysema, end
 PT stage renal failure or renal disease and lymphoma
 XX
 XX Disclosure; Page 135-136; 154pp; English.

CC The present invention describes a human tumour necrosis factor receptor
 CC designated ztnfr12 (I) (I) has cytostatic, immunosuppressive,
 CC dermatological, antiinflammatory, neuroprotective, antidiabetic,
 CC antirheumatic, antiarthritic, antiasthmatic, nephroprotective and hypotensive
 CC activities, and can be used in gene therapy. (I) can be used for
 CC inhibiting, in a mammal, the activity of a ligand that binds ztnfr12
 CC (e.g. ZTNF4), for treating disorders and diseases associated with B
 CC lymphocytes, activated B lymphocytes or resting B lymphocytes, and for
 CC inhibiting the proliferation of tumour cells. (I) is useful for treating
 CC autoimmune disorders such as systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia
 CC gravis, multiple sclerosis, insulin dependent diabetes mellitus, asthma,
 CC rheumatoid arthritis, bronchitis, emphysema and end stage renal failure
 CC or renal disease such as glomerulonephritis, vasculitis, chronic lymphoid
 CC leukaemia, nephritis, and pyelonephritis, and for treating renal
 CC neoplasms, multiple myelomas, lymphomas, light chain neuropathy, or
 CC amyloidosis, hypertension, large vessel diseases, graft-versus host
 CC disease, graft rejection and Crohn's disease. (I) is useful for
 CC modulating the immune system, for regulating B cell responses and
 CC development, for modulating development of other cells, antibody
 CC production and cytokine production, and for modulating T and B cell
 CC communication. The present sequence represents a protein which is
 CC given in the exemplification of the present invention.

SQ Sequence 184 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 964; DB 22; Length 184;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e-95;
 Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 MLOMAGGCSQNEFYPSLHACIPQOLRCSSNTPPTLCQRYCNASVTNSYKGNALIMTCL 60
 DB 1 MLOMAGGCSQNEFYPSLHACIPQOLRCSSNTPPTLCQRYCNASVTNSYKGNALIMTCL 60
 QY 61 GLSLIISLAVFVLMFLRKISEPELKDEFKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRGLE 120
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 QY 121 YVSECTCEDCCKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 DB 121 YVSECTCEDCCKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPALASATEIEKS 180
 QY 181 ISAR 184
 DB 181 ISAR 184

RESULT 8

XX	AAE15484	standard; Protein; 181 AA.
XX	AAE15484	
AC	AAE15484;	
XX		
DT	12-MAR-2002	(first entry)
XX		
DE	Human B-cell maturation (BCMA) protein.	
XX		
KM	Human; transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor; TACI;	
KM	cytotoxic; B cell maturation protein; BCMA; tumour necrosis factor; TNF	
KM	lymphoproliferative disorder; tumour; lung; gastrointestinal; pancreatic	
KM	prostate; inflammation; immune disorder; diarrhoea; psoriasis; colitis;	
KM	drug allergy; dermatitis; pneumonia; asthma; inflammatory bowel disease;	
KM	Crohn's disease; scleroderma; autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis;	
KM	human immunodeficiency virus; HIV; systemic lupus erythematosus; cancer;	
KM	rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis.	
XX		
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX		
Key	Location/Qualifiers	
Region	5..38	
FT	/note= "Cysteine-rich consensus region; This is region	
FT	is specifically claimed as SEQ ID NO: 7 in claim 1 of	
FT	the specification"	
FT	52..72	
Domain	/label= "Transmembrane_domain	
FT		
XX		
PN	WO200187979-A2.	
XX		
PD	22-NOV-2001.	
XX		
PE	14-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US15567.	
XX		
XX	12-MAY-2000; 2000US-204039P.	
PR	27-JUN-2000; 2000US-214591P.	
PR	14-MAY-2001; 2001US-0214591.	
XX		
PA	(AMGE-) AMGEN INC.	
XX		
XX	Theill LE, Yu G;	
XX		
DR	WPI; 2002-066686/09.	
XX		
PT	Inhibiting activity of B cell maturation protein and/or transmembrane	
PT	activator and intracellular cyclophilin ligand interactor, by	
PT	administering a binding partner for APRIL, a tumor necrosis factor	
PT	family ligand	
XX		
XX	Disclosure; Fig 10A; 94pp; English.	
XX		
CC	The invention relates to a method for inhibiting TACI (transmembrane	
CC	activator and intracellular CAML interactor) and/or B cell maturation	
CC	protein (BCMA) activity in a mammal. The method comprises administering	
CC	a specific binding partner for APRIL (G70, a tumour necrosis factor-TNF	
CC	family ligand), having the consensus region of TACI, BCMA, or the TACI/	
CC	BCMA extracellular consensus sequence, but not the extracellular region	
CC	of TACI or BCMA. The method is useful for inhibiting activity of TACI	
CC	and/or BCMA in a mammal which is useful for treating B-cell or T-cell	
CC	lymphoproliferative disorders, one or more solid tumours such as lung,	
CC	gastrointestinal, pancreatic or prostate tumour. APRIL, BCMA and TACI	
CC	antagonists are useful for treating inflammation and immune function	
CC	diseases such as diarrhoea, psoriasis, allergies, pneumonia, atopic	
CC	dermatitis, respiratory allergic disease (asthma, hypersensitivity lung	
CC	disease), drug and insect sting allergy, inflammatory bowel disease	
CC	(Crohn's disease, colitis), scleroderma, autoimmune disease (multiple	
CC	sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis), systemic lupus erythematosus), fungal,	
CC	bacterial, protozoal and viral infections (HIV), atherosclerosis, cancer	
CC	with leucocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. The present sequence	
CC	is human BCMA protein.	
XX		
XX	Sequence 181 AA;	
XX		

Query Match	100.5%;	Score 950;	DB 23;	Length 181;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 4e-94;		
Matches	181;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0
QY	4	MAGCCSONEYFDSLLHACIPCOLRCSSNTPLTCORYCNASVYNSVKGTNAIIMLTCLGIS	63	
Db	1	MAGCCSONEYFDSLLHACIPCOLRCSSNTPLTCORYCNASVYNSVKGTNAIIMLTCLGIS	60	
QY	64	LIISLAFLVLMFLRKISSEPLKQEFKNTGSGLLGMANIDLEKSTGTGEIILPRGLEAYV	123	
Db	61	LIISLAFLVLMFLRKISSEPLKQEFKNTGSGLLGMANIDLEKSTGTGEIILPRGLEAYV	120	
QY	124	EECTCEDCIKSKPKVSDHCPFLPAMEBGATILVTTKTDYCKSLPALASATEIEKISISA	183	
Db	121	EECTCEDCIKSKPKVSDHCPFLPAMEBGATILVTTKTDYCKSLPALASATEIEKISISA	180	
QY	184	R 184		
Db	181	R 181		
RESULT 9				
AAB60700				
ID	AAB60700	standard; Protein; 157 AA.		
XX				
AC	AAB60700;			
XX				
DT	22-MAY-2001	(first entry)		
XX				
DE	Human BAF-R receptor (BAF-R) sequence encoded by A plasmid pJST535.			
KM	Human BAF-R, BAF-R receptor; TNF family; immunoregulatory agent;			
KM	immune-related disorder; B-cell growth inhibitor; BCMA;			
KM	B-cell maturation inhibitor; immunoglobulin production inhibitor;			
KM	autoimmune disorder; B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder; hypertension;			
KM	renal disorder; immunosuppressive disorder; HIV infection;			
KM	organ transplantation; antiinflammatory; systemic lupus erythematosus;			
KM	autoimmune haemolytic anaemia; Grave's disease; multiple myeloma;			
KM	B-cell carcinoma; leukaemia; rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis;			
XX	Lymphoma; gene therapy; cancer; tumour; plasmid pJST535.			
OS				
XX	Homo sapiens.			
XX				
PN	W0200112812-A2.			
XX				
PD	22-FEB-2001.			
XX				
XX	16-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US22507.			
XX				
PR	17-AUG-1999; 99US-0149378.			
PR	11-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181684.			
PR	18-FEB-2000; 2000US-0183536.			
XX				
PA	(BIOJ) BIOGEN INC.			
PA	(ABOT-) APOTEC R & D SA.			
XX				
PI	Mackay F, Browning J, Ambrose C, Tschopp J, Schneider P;			
PI	Thompson J;			
XX				
DR	WPI, 2001-202866/20.			
DR	N-PSDB; AAF60000.			
XX				
PT	Inhibiting dendritic cell-induced B-cell growth, maturation and B-cell			
PT	lympho-proliferative disorder by administering BAF-R-receptor			
PT	polypeptide, chemieic molecule comprising receptor or anti-BAF-R			
XX	antibody homolog -			
PS	Example 1, Fig 3; 59pp; English.			
XX				
CC	The invention relates to the use of a BAF-R receptor (BAF-R, also known			
CC	as BCMA) protein, or a BAF-R fusion protein as an agent for the			
CC	treatment of a variety of immune-related disorders. BAF-R is a member of			
CC	the TNF (tumour necrosis factor) family, acting as an immunoregulatory			

CC agent, and also plays a role in the development of hypertension and
 CC related disorders. BAF-R, fusion proteins containing it, and BAF-R-
 CC specific antibodies can be used for inhibiting B-cell growth, dendritic
 CC cell-induced B-cell growth and maturation, and immunoglobulin production,
 CC and in the treatment of autoimmune disorders. B-cell lymphoproliferative
 CC disorders, hypertension and renal disorders. The BAF-R proteins may also
 CC be used in the treatment of immunosuppressive disorders and HIV
 CC infection, and in patients undergoing organ transplantation. The BAF-R
 CC protein or BAF-R specific antibodies may be used for treating,
 CC suppressing or altering an immune response involving a signalling pathway
 CC between BAF-R and BAF, thereby inhibiting inflammation. Since BAF-R
 CC inhibits B-cell growth and maturation it is useful for treating diseases
 CC such as systemic lupus erythematosus, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia,
 CC Grave's disease, multiple myeloma, B-cell carcinomas, leukaemia, rapidly
 CC progressive glomerulonephritis, and lymphomas. Nucleic acids encoding
 CC human BAF-R may be used in gene therapy to treat tumours, lymphomas,
 CC autoimmune disorders and inherited B-cell-associated disorders. The
 CC present sequence represents a human BAF-R protein sequence as encoded
 CC by plasmid pJ57535. However, this BAF-R protein sequence is 27 amino
 CC acids shorter than that given in AAB0698.

CC Sequence 157 AA:

Query Match 74.6%; Score 719.5; DB 22; Length 157;
 Best Local Similarity 85.3%; Pred. No. 2.2e-69;
 Matches 157; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 27; Gaps 9;

QY 1 MQMAGQSGQNEYPFSLHACTPCQLRCSNTPPLTCQRYCNASVNSVKGNTALIMTCL 60

DB 1 MQMAGQSGQNEYPFSLHACTPCQLRCSNTPPLTCQRYCNASVNSVKGNTALIMTCL 51

QY 61 GLSLISLAVFLMFLARKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSTGDEILPRGLE 120

DB 52 GLSLISLAVFLMFLARKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSTGDEILPRGLE 102

QY 121 YVVEECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPAISATIEIKS 180

DB 103 YVVEECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPAISATIEIKS 153

QY 181 ISAR 184

DB 154 ISAR 157

RESULT 10

AAB08844
 ID AAB08844 standard; peptide; 185 AA.

AAB08844;

DT 02-JAN-2001 (first entry)

DE Amino acid sequence of murine BCMA polypeptide.

XX BCMA; necrosis factor-kB activator; NF-kB; gene expression; cancer;
 XX anti-cell death gene; apoptosis; viral infection; inflammatory response;
 XX rheumatoid arthritis; inflammatory bowel disease; septic shock.

OS Mus musculus.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Domain 47..72 /note="putative transmembrane domain"

XX WO200050633-A1.

XX 31-AUG-2000.

XX 24-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US04925.

XX 24-FEB-1999; 99US-0121485.

XX (GEHO) GEN HOSPITAL CORP.

XX Seed B, Ting A;
 PI
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-558405/51.

PT Identifying a modulator of gene expression for drug designing, by
 PT contacting a compound library with a cell expressing an anti-cell death
 PT gene and reporter gene, and determining alteration in reporter gene
 PT expression

PS Claim 32; Fig 7B; 53pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents a BCMA (not defined) polypeptide. BCMA
 CC is a necrosis factor (NF)-kB activator. The method of the invention is
 CC used to identify compounds which modulate BCMA activity (and thus NF-kB
 CC activity). The specification describes a method of identifying a
 CC polypeptide which increases gene expression from a promoter. The method
 CC involves contacting a library of with a cell which expresses a
 CC recombinant anti-cell death gene and a reporter gene operably linked to
 CC the promoter, and then determining whether the expression of the
 CC reporter gene is altered as a result of contact with library. The method
 CC is useful for identifying polypeptides which increase or decrease gene
 CC expression from a promoter. The BCMA polypeptide or nucleic acid are
 CC useful for preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating cancer,
 CC apoptosis, viral infections, inflammatory response, such as rheumatoid
 CC arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease or septic shock. BCMA is useful for
 CC identifying compounds that modulate NF-kB expression and thus for drug
 CC designing.

SQ Sequence 185 AA;

Query Match 59.3%; Score 572; DB 21; Length 185;
 Best Local Similarity 62.6%; Pred. No. 2.1e-53;
 Matches 117; Conservative 21; Mismatches 41; Indels 8; Gaps 4;

QY 4 MAGQSGQNEYPFSLHACTPCQLRCSNTPPLTCQRYCNASVNSVKGNTALIMTCLG 63

DB 1 MAGQSGQNEYPFSLHACTPCQLRCSNTPPLTCQRYCNASVNSVKGNTALIMTCLG 58

QY 64 LIISLAVFLMFLARKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSTGDEILPRGLE 119

DB 59 LIISLAVFLMFLARKISSEPLKDEPKNTGSLGMANIDLEKSTGDEILPRGLE 118

QY 120 YVVEECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPAISATIEIKS 177

DB 119 YVVEECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCKSLPAISATIEIKS 178

QY 178 EKISAR 184

DB 179 EKPTHTR 185

RESULT 11

AA71980
 ID AA71980 standard; Protein; 185 AA.

AC AA71980;

DT 28-MAR-2001 (first entry)

DE Murine B cell maturation factor (BCMA) protein.

XX Murine; Tumour Necrosis Factor; TNF; immunosuppressant; TAIL-1;
 XX Tumour necrosis factor and Apol-related leucocyte expressed ligand 1;
 XX therapy; autoimmune disorder; Rheumatoid arthritis; multiple sclerosis;
 XX systemic lupus erythematosus; SLE; insulin dependent diabetes mellitus;
 XX thrombocytopenia purpura; acute rheumatic fever; Goodpasture's syndrome;
 XX haemolytic anaemia; Grave's disease; myasthenia gravis; BCMA;
 XX B cell maturation factor; pemphigus vulgaris; B-lymphocyte proliferation;
 XX post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis; polyarteritis nodosa.

OS Mus musculus.

PN WO200068378-A1.
 XX
 PD 16-NOV-2000.
 XX
 XX 05-MAY-2000; 2000MO-US12266.
 XX
 XX 06-MAY-1999; 99US-0132892.
 PR 01-MAY-2000; 2000US-0201012.
 XX
 XX (NAME-) NAT JEWISH MEDICAL & RES CENT.
 PI Shu HS;
 DR WPI; 2001-016094/02.
 DR N-PSDB; AAD02130.
 XX
 PT Isolated TALL-1 protein is used to identify compounds that regulate B
 PT lymphocyte proliferation, used to treat B lymphocyte associated
 PT autoimmune disorders -

Claim 37, Page 107-108; 112pp; English.

CC The present invention relates to Tumour necrosis factor (TNF) and
 CC Apol-related Leucocyte expressed Ligand 1 (TALL-1) nucleic acid
 CC molecules, proteins (including homologues), and their antibodies. The
 CC invention in particular relates to methods for regulating the
 CC interaction between TALL-1 and TALL-1 receptors (BCMA referred as B cell
 CC maturation factor) to regulate monocyte, macrophage and B lymphocyte
 CC mediated immune responses. TALL-1 protein is useful for identifying
 CC compounds that regulate B lymphocyte proliferation. It is also useful for
 CC treating B lymphocyte associated autoimmune disorders like rheumatoid
 CC arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), insulin dependent diabetes
 CC mellitus, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, Grave's disease,
 CC autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenia purpura,
 CC Goodpasture's syndrome, pemphigus vulgaris, acute rheumatic fever,
 CC post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis, or polyarteritis nodosa.
 CC The TALL-1 protein and its corresponding nucleic acid sequence are also
 CC useful in diagnostic assays.
 CC The present sequence is a murine B cell maturation factor (BCMA).
 CC BCMA is the receptor for TALL-1 protein.

XX Sequence 185 AA;

Query Match 59.3%; Score 572; DB 22; Length 185;
 Best Local Similarity 62.6%; Pred. No. 2.1e-53;
 Matches 117; Conservative 21; Mismatches 41; Indels 8; Gaps 4;

QY 4 MAGCCSNEYFDSLHACIPCOLRCSSNTPTLCORYCNASVTNSVKGTAIIMTCLGAS 63
 1 MAQCCFHSYFDSLHACKPCRLRCSN--PPATCQPCDPSVTSSVKGTVTLMIFFLGLT 58
 DB 59 LVLSLAFVLMPLFLRKISSEPLKDFKN---TSGGLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRL 118
 QY 120 EYVEBCTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCK-SLPAAL-SATSI 177
 DB 119 EYVEBCTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCK-SLPAAL-SATSI 178
 QY 178 EKSIAR 184
 DB 179 EKPTHTR 185

RESULT 12
 AAE15490
 ID AAE15490 standard; Protein; 185 AA.
 AC AAE15490;
 AC
 DT 12-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mouse B. cell maturation (BCMA) protein.

XX Mouse; transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor; TACI;
 KM cytostatic; B cell maturation protein; BCMA; tumour necrosis factor; TNF;
 KM lymphoproliferative disorder; tumour; lung; gastrointestinal; pancreatic;
 KM prostate; inflammation; immune disorder; diarrhoea; psoriasis; colitis;
 KM drug allergy; dermatitis; pneumonia; asthma; inflammatory bowel disease;
 KM Crohn's disease; scleroderma; autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis;
 KM human immunodeficiency virus; HIV; systemic lupus erythematosus; cancer;
 KM rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis.

OS Mus sp.

XX WO200187979-A2.

XX 22-NOV-2001.

XX 14-MAY-2001; 2001MO-US15567.

XX 12-MAY-2000; 2000US-204039P.

XX 27-JUN-2000; 2000US-214591P.

XX 14-MAY-2001; 2001US-0214591.

XX (AMGE-) AMGEN INC.

XX Theill LE, Yu G;

XX WPI; 2002-06686/09.

PT Inhibiting activity of B cell maturation protein and/or transmembrane
 PT activator and intracellular cyclophilin ligand interactor. By
 PT administering a binding partner for APRIL, a tumor necrosis factor
 PT family ligand -

XX Disclosure; Fig 11; 94pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a method for inhibiting TACI (transmembrane
 CC activator and intracellular CAML interactor) and/or B cell maturation
 CC protein (BCMA) activity in a mammal. The method comprises administering
 CC a specific binding partner for APRIL (G70, a tumour necrosis factor-TNF
 CC family ligand), having the consensus region of TACI, BCMA, or the TACI/
 CC BCMA extracellular consensus sequence, but not the extracellular region
 CC of TACI or BCMA. The method is useful for inhibiting activity of TACI
 CC and/or BCMA in a mammal which is useful for treating B-cell or T-cell
 CC lymphoproliferative disorders, one or more solid tumours such as lung,
 CC gastrointestinal, pancreatic or prostate tumour. APRIL, BCMA and TACI
 CC antagonists are useful for treating inflammation and immune function
 CC diseases such as diarrhoea, psoriasis, allergies, pneumonia, atopic
 CC dermatitis, respiratory allergic disease (asthma, hypersensitivity lung
 CC disease), drug and insect sting allergy, inflammatory bowel disease
 CC (Crohn's disease, colitis), scleroderma, autoimmune disease (multiple
 CC sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus), fungal,
 CC bacterial, protozoal and viral infections (HIV), atherosclerosis, cancer
 CC with leucocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. The present sequence
 CC is mouse BCMA protein.

XX Sequence 185 AA;

Query Match 59.3%; Score 572; DB 23; Length 185;
 Best Local Similarity 62.6%; Pred. No. 2.1e-53;
 Matches 117; Conservative 21; Mismatches 41; Indels 8; Gaps 4;

QY 4 MAGCCSNEYFDSLHACIPCOLRCSSNTPTLCORYCNASVTNSVKGTAIIMTCLGAS 63
 1 MAQCCFHSYFDSLHACKPCRLRCSN--PPATCQPCDPSVTSSVKGTVTLMIFFLGLT 58
 DB 59 LVLSLAFVLMPLFLRKISSEPLKDFKN---TSGGLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRL 118
 QY 64 LIISLAVFVLMPLFLRKISSEPLKDFKN---TSGGLGMANIDLEKSRGTDEIILPRL 119
 120 EYVEBCTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCK-SLPAAL-SATSI 177
 DB 119 EYVEBCTCEDCIKSPKVDSDHCFPLPAMEGATILVTTKNDYCK-SLPAAL-SATSI 178

OY 178 EKSISAR 184
 DB 179 EXPTR 185

RESULT 13

ID AAE15501 standard; peptide; 58 AA.

AAE15501;

12-MAR-2002 (first entry)

Human B cell maturation protein cysteine rich extracellular region.

Human; transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor; TAC1; cytosolic; B cell maturation protein; BCMA; tumour necrosis factor; TNF; lymphoproliferative disorder; tumour; lung; gastrointestinal; pancreatic; prostate; inflammation; immune disorder; diarrhoea; psoriasis; colitis; drug allergy; dermatitis; pneumonia; asthma; inflammatory bowel disease; Crohn's disease; scleroderma; autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis; human immunodeficiency virus; HIV; systemic lupus erythematosus; cancer; rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis.

Homo sapiens.

WO200187979-A2.

22-NOV-2001.

14-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US15567.

12-MAY-2000; 2000US-204039P.

27-JUN-2000; 2000US-214591P.

14-MAY-2001; 2001US-0214591.

(AMGE-) AMGEN INC.

The111 LE, Yu G;

WPI; 2002-066686/09.

Inhibiting activity of B cell maturation protein and/or transmembrane activator and intracellular cyclophilin ligand interactor, by administering a binding partner for APRIL, a tumor necrosis factor family ligand.

Disclosure; Fig 13; 94pp; English.

The invention relates to a method for inhibiting TAC1 (transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor) and/or B cell maturation protein (BCMA) activity in a mammal. The method comprises administering a specific binding partner for APRIL (G70, a tumour necrosis factor-TNF family ligand), having the consensus region of TAC1, BCMA, or the TAC1/BCMA extracellular consensus sequence, but not the extracellular region of TAC1 or BCMA. The method is useful for inhibiting activity of TAC1 and/or BCMA in a mammal which is useful for treating B-cell or T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders, one or more solid tumours such as lung, gastrointestinal, pancreatic or prostate tumour. APRIL, BCMA and TAC1 antagonists are useful for treating inflammation and immune function diseases such as diarrhoea, psoriasis, allergies, pneumonia, atopic dermatitis, respiratory allergic disease (asthma, hypersensitivity lung disease), drug and insect sting allergy, inflammatory bowel disease (Crohn's disease, colitis), scleroderma, autoimmune disease (multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus), fungal, bacterial, protozoal and viral infections (HIV), atherosclerosis, cancer with leucocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. The present sequence is human BCMA cysteine-rich extracellular region.

Sequence 58 AA;

Query Match 33.5%; Score 323; DB 23; Length 58;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3e-27;

Matches 58; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 8 CSQNEFDSLHACIPQCLRCSSNTPPTCORCYCNASVTNSVKGTNALIMTCLGSLI 65
 DB 1 CSQNEFDSLHACIPQCLRCSSNTPPTCORCYCNASVTNSVKGTNALIMTCLGSLI 58

RESULT 14

ID AAE15491 standard; Protein; 117 AA.

AAE15491;

12-MAR-2002 (first entry)

Human-murine B cell maturation protein (BCMA) consensus sequence.

Human; transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor; TAC1; cytosolic; B cell maturation protein; BCMA; tumour necrosis factor; TNF; lymphoproliferative disorder; tumour; lung; gastrointestinal; pancreatic; prostate; inflammation; immune disorder; diarrhoea; psoriasis; colitis; drug allergy; dermatitis; pneumonia; asthma; inflammatory bowel disease; Crohn's disease; scleroderma; autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis; human immunodeficiency virus; HIV; systemic lupus erythematosus; cancer; rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis; mouse.

Chimeric - Homo sapiens.

WO200187979-A2.

22-NOV-2001.

14-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US15567.

12-MAY-2000; 2000US-204039P.

27-JUN-2000; 2000US-214591P.

14-MAY-2001; 2001US-0214591.

(AMGE-) AMGEN INC.

The111 LE, Yu G;

WPI; 2002-066686/09.

Inhibiting activity of B cell maturation protein and/or transmembrane activator and intracellular cyclophilin ligand interactor, by administering a binding partner for APRIL, a tumor necrosis factor family ligand.

Disclosure; Fig 11; 94pp; English.

The invention relates to a method for inhibiting TAC1 (transmembrane activator and intracellular CAML interactor) and/or B cell maturation protein (BCMA) activity in a mammal. The method comprises administering a specific binding partner for APRIL (G70, a tumour necrosis factor-TNF family ligand), having the consensus region of TAC1, BCMA, or the TAC1/BCMA extracellular consensus sequence, but not the extracellular region of TAC1 or BCMA. The method is useful for inhibiting activity of TAC1 and/or BCMA in a mammal which is useful for treating B-cell or T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders, one or more solid tumours such as lung, gastrointestinal, pancreatic or prostate tumour. APRIL, BCMA and TAC1 antagonists are useful for treating inflammation and immune function diseases such as diarrhoea, psoriasis, allergies, pneumonia, atopic dermatitis, respiratory allergic disease (asthma, hypersensitivity lung disease), drug and insect sting allergy, inflammatory bowel disease (Crohn's disease, colitis), scleroderma, autoimmune disease (multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus), fungal, bacterial, protozoal and viral infections (HIV), atherosclerosis, cancer with leucocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. The present sequence is human-murine B cell maturation protein (BCMA) consensus sequence.

Sequence 117 AA;

